

Newport Mercury.

VOL. LXI.

SATURDAY, JUNE 29, 1822.

Number 3142.

Newport Mercury,

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TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

Advertisements not exceeding a square,
inserted three weeks for One Dol-
lar, and seventeen cents for each
subsequent insertion.

All Advertisements, (except where an
account is open) must be paid for
previous to insertion.

NEW WORKS.

Wm. & J. H. BARBER,
Have just received,

**THE Life of Major General NA-
THANIEL GREENE,** compiled
chiefly from original materials, by
the Hon. William Johnson, of Charle-
ston, (S. C.)—In Two Volumes, 4to,
price \$10.

The Solitary, or the Mysterious
Man of the Mountains.—Translated
from the French of Viscount D'Ar-
lincourt, by an American Lady—2 vols.
in one, price \$1.

Helen de Tournon, a Novel by Ma-
dame de Souza, translated from the
French—one vol. price \$1-2 cents.

Dissertation first; exhibiting a ge-
neral view of the progress of Metaphy-
sical, Ethical, and Political Philosophy
since the revival of letters in Europe.—
By DUNALD STEWART, one vol. 8vo,
price \$2-25.

A Foreigner's Opinion of England,
1 vol. price \$2-25.
Newport, June 8.

RICE

**1000 whole, and
half Tierces Prime
RICE,** just landed
and for Sale by
S. T. NORTHAM.
Newport, June 28.

SALT,

**1200 bushels Turks-
Island SALT.**—Also,
14 bbls. first quality Retail-
ing MOLASSES.
Just landed, and for Sale by
S. & G. BOWEN.
Newport, June 15.

86,000

American Segars, of a
superior quality, for Sale by
E. W. LAWTON.
Newport, May 18.

ATTENTION!

**THE Members of the NEWPORT
INDEPENDENT VOLUNTEERS** are
requested to wear Crapes on the left arm
for the space of 30 days, as a testimony
of respect for their deceased Member,
Mr. John Cook.
By order of the Commanding Officer,
JOHN B. NEWTON, Clerk.
Newport, June 22.

St. John's Lodge, No. 1.



**ST. JOHN'S
LODGE, No. 1** will celebrate
the 4th Anniver-
sary of their In-
dependence, and
the Feast of St.
John the Baptist
on THURSDAY,
July 4th, 1822 at 10 o'clock A. M. at
their Lodge Room, where all the Mem-
bers are requested to attend.
By order of W. B. CASE, Master,
T. R. PECKHAM, Secretary.
Newport, June 21, 1822.

Bank of Rhode-Island,

THE Stockholders are hereby noti-
fied, That a semi-annual Dividend
will be declared and paid at said Bank
on Monday, the 1st day of July next, to
each person, as shall appear by the
books of said Institution, to be Stock-
holders therein on Thursday, the 27th
inst. or to their Agents or Attorneys.

By Order,
W. MARCHANT, Cashier.
Newport, June 30.

New-England Commer- cial Bank.

THE Stockholders of this Institu-
tion are notified, That a Dividend
will be declared and paid at their Bank-
ing-Room, on and after Monday, the
first day of July, 1822, to those who ap-
pear by the Books of the Bank to hold
Stock on the 25th instant, after which
time the transfer of Shares will be sus-
pended until the 1st of July.

By order of the Board of Directors,
W. T. DELLINGHAM, Cashier.
Newport, June 18.

Landholder's BANK,

AT a Meeting of the Stockholders
of the **LANDHOLDERS BANK**, on
the 7th day of June instant, (by adjourn-
ment) the following persons were ap-
pointed Directors thereof for the ensu-
ing year, viz:—

**Elisha R. Potter, James Sherman,
Thomas S. Taylor, John J. Watson,
Rowland Hazard, John G. Clarke,
Samuel R. Potter, Rowen Clarke,
Nathan Knight, John R. Sherman, Benja-
min Robinson, Joseph Stanton, William
P. Newell.**

And at a Meeting of the Directors
on the same day **ELISHA R. POTTER,**
Esq. was appointed President.
THOMAS R. WELLS, Cashier.
South-Kingstown, June 19.

CINCINNATI.

THE Members of the Society of
Cincinnati in the State of Rhode-
Island, are hereby notified, that their
Annual Meeting will be held at the
State-House in Providence, on Thurs-
day, 4th of July next, at 9 o'clock A. M.
at which time and place, a general and
punctual attendance is requested.

Members of other Societies of Cin-
cinnati, who may be in town, or the vi-
cinity, are respectfully invited to attend.
By order of the Standing Committee,
SAMUEL SNOW, Sec'y.
June 21, 1822.

R. I. Bridge Company.

THE Stockholders are notified, That
a Dividend of Profits will be de-
clared and paid, on and after Monday,
the 17th inst. until completed.

By Order,
W. MARCHANT, Clerk.
Newport, June 14, 1822.

ISAAC GOULD.

HAS just received, and offers for
Sale, as low as can be purchas-
ed in Town for Cash:—
Real West of England Black and
Blue Broadcloths, of the very first
chop.

Super Black, blue, drab and newest
fashion Queen's mixt Cassimeres.
Low priced Broadcloths and Cassi-
meres.

Toilette, Valencia; Circassian and
Silk Vestings.
Superlative Vest Shapes, a fashiona-
ble new article.

Cassinetts and Sattinets.
Real Scotch Plaids 3 4 wide.
Silk and Cotton Velvets.
Rich gilt Coat and Vest Buttons—
Twist ditto—Cheap Gilt Buttons for
Children's Cloths.

Webb's Patent Suspenders.
French buck and doe-skin Gloves.
Very fine Cravats and fancy Hdkfs.
With a general Assortment of Arti-
cles in his line.
Newport, March 30.

TO LET.

THE Dwelling-House,
Wharf and Stores on
the Point late the property
of Thomas Dennis, and now
occupied by Joseph Marble—Apply to
W. MARCHANT,
Newport, May 3, 1822.

New Goods,

R. P. LEE,

Has Just Received,

A n additional Supply of Seasonable
Articles, that enables him to offer
a very large Assortment of DRY
GOODS, which he is determined to sell
at the lowest prices.—Among them are,
Real double chain black Levantines;
superior black and colored Crapes;
white and colored plain Silk Shawls;
Merino Shawls and Hdkfs; elegant fan-
cy silk do.; white and colored feather
fans; common and very fine Mass Cam-
brics; fashionable pattern Dresses; ele-
gant Parasols from 9s to 35; Canton
Umbrellas; Book Machine and Lenses;
Jacquet and Malle; fancy Ribbons;
shell and horn Combs; cheap Irish
Linen, &c. &c.
Newport, June 15.

LIST OF LETTERS,

Remaining in the Post Office,
Newport, R. I. June 22, 1822.

Please ask for advertise d Letters,
when calling for them.

ARNOLD G.

Allen Thomas C.
Allen Elizabeth
Alexander James
Bowers James R.
Barnes John
Bliven Key
Moser Henry
Barnister Wm. B.
Burdick Isaac S.
Browning Peggy
Brown Nancy
Brown John
Bridges Capt.
Bridges Catherine
Birmingham T.
Collins Hannah S.
Cook Sarah
Cornell Amy
Canning Edward
Calden D. Cal. S.
Chalender Charles
Chalender John
Callaghan Timothy
Clarke Henry
Cary Margaret
Eaton Mary
Eldridge Maria
Fry Henry
Fowler Sarah
Fowler George
Greene Sarah
Greene Joseph H.
Greenman Jerem.
Gray William
Gifford Russell
Gould Giles
Howes Theophilus
Howard William
Howard Jesse
Henson Catherine
Hall Clouy
Honey Samuel
Howland B. S.
Huntington Sarah S.
Huntington E. B. S.
Havilland Cath-
Knapp Charles
Lorton Joanna
Loyd Hannah P.
Lawton Robert S.
Lyon Lucy
Lawton W. W. S.
Moore Wm. S.
Mitchell Margaret
Moly Mrs.

Nicherson Capt. H

O'Brien John
Oakley William
Parker John
Perry Capt. James
Pierce John S.
Potter Catherine S.
Potter William
Peckham Daniel
Peckham Erasmus
Peagella William
Phillips & Gardner
Rhodes & Cabane
Rogers William
Robinson Peter
Robinson Sarah
Russell Alice
Swamy Ruth
Stevens J. Harston
Southwick Jonathan
Stroon James Jun
Southwick Wm. P.
Shackelford Wm
Spencer Benjamin
Smith Capt. Jacob
Swamy Ruth
Swamy James
Tow Joseph
Tilley Margaret B.
Tripp Hope
Whison Samuel
White Elizabeth
White Nathan H.
Williams John
Wheeler Charles
Ward Marmaduke
West Capt. R.
West Martha
Willson Henrietta

Thomas Allen

Forismouth
Anthony Philip
Thornton Samuel
Weeden Holder C.
Jamestown
Armstrong George
Carr Ebenezer
Congdon Joseph
Gardner John H.
Hopkins Jonathan
Middletown
Angell William
Hall Parker
Maxson Eliza
Peckham Eliza
Rogers Joseph
Sanford Peleg

If the above Letters are not im-
mediately taken up, they will be sent to
the General Post-Office on the first of
July next.

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs
his Friends and the Public, that he
has on hand a good Assortment of West
India GOODS, &c. which he will sell
as cheap as at any other in the County,
for Cash or approved credit.

Also, He would inform the Public
that he is chosen one of the Auctioneers
for the Town of South-Kingstown, and
he will sell at Auction, at his Store on
Tower-Hill, every other Saturday, be-
ginning at 1 o'clock in the Afternoon.—
Sales will commence on Saturday, the
29th of June inst. for West-India and
Dry Goods, Hardware, &c.

JOHN BROWN.

N. B.—All Persons indebted to the
Subscriber of more than three months
standing, are requested to call and set-
tle the same without delay.
3. Kingstown, (T. mer Hill) June?

Meteorological Diary for May, 1822.

THERMOMETER				WINDS		WEATHER	
May 26.	27.	28.	29.	30.	31.		
59	63	56	58	58	58	SSW	Floody clouds moderate winds
46	45	56	58	58	58	S S W	Flying clouds clear mod. winds
43	48	51	51	51	51	N NbyW NW	Floody clouds moderate winds
43	43	41	41	41	41	N SW SW	Clear clear cloudy light winds
49	48	44	44	44	44	NbyE N W	Rain 0.18 foggy clear mod winds
47	49	46	46	46	46	W	Clear clear clear brisk winds
53	59	54	54	54	54	W SW SW	Clear clear clear brisk winds
57	60	52	52	52	52	SW	Clear clear clear light winds
56	62	51	51	51	51	NNW SbyW NW	Clear clear clear mod. winds
53	61	48	48	48	48	N SbyW SW	Clear clear clear moderate winds
53	60	48	48	48	48	NE SSE S	Clear clear clear brisk winds
55	64	49	49	49	49	WbyN SSW SSW	Clear clear clear mod. winds
57	63	56	56	56	56	SSW	Clear clear clear mod. vds
60	68	57	57	57	57	SW S S	Clear clear foggy mod winds
61	67	61	61	61	61	S SSW N	Foggy a shower 0.7 clear mod. vds
60	62	50	50	50	50	N SE SW	Clear clear clear moderate winds
60	60	58	58	58	58	SE	Clear drizzly cloudy mod. wind
59	67	59	59	59	59	SW	Cloudy lt. dr. & rain 0.10 mod vds
59	67	54	54	54	54	NE SSW ESE	Clear clear a shower 0.08 mod. vds
60	63	56	56	56	56	ESE S S	Clear clear clear brisk winds
63	67	60	60	60	60	SSW	Clear clear foggy brisk winds
63	67	60	60	60	60	SW	Foggy flying clouds brisk winds
64	74	57	57	57	57	SW	Clear clear clear light winds
63	70	55	55	55	55	NW	Clear clear clear brisk winds
55	64	51	51	51	51	N N SW	Clear clear clear brisk winds
56	63	59	59	59	59	SW S SSE	Clear clear cloudy moderate wind
64	71	60	60	60	60	SbyE SW SW	A shower 0.07 foggy mod. winds
65	73	62	62	62	62	SW	Foggy clear foggy mod winds
73	77	65	65	65	65	NW SSE S	Floody clouds clear clear lt. vds
67	69	61	61	61	61	ESE	Clear clear clear moderate winds
66	76	66	66	66	66	ESE SE S	Rain 0.35 foggy moderate winds

Mean temperature of the Month, 59° 33' Greatest variation in one day, 17°
Mean heat of the warmest day, 71° 2-3 Least, 46°
Mean temperature of coolest day 47° Quantity of rain in the month, 0.87 Inch.

REMARKS.—Fifty-nine degrees 32-100ths, an average of nearly sixty degrees of
heat, makes this Month surpass by 2° 33 the warmest of the preceding months of
May for the last five years; and to exceed the aggregate average of that month for
the same period by 2° 06. This difference constitutes a mass of heat amounting for
the thirty-one days, to 88° 66. and produced its necessary and visible effect on vege-
tation. The standard Apricots were in full bloom on the 3d, three days later than
the expansion of 1820; but the Peach, the Plum, the Cherry and the Pear, were
hastened on in rapid succession, and were in full bloom on days corresponding to the
bloom of 1820, though the Apricot was on that year three days earlier. And it is
worthy of remark, that both these years of early vegetation should be so productive
of this fruit, for already as in the former case, the branches begin to bend under the
weight.—The Peach which was fully expanded on the 11th, and the cherry and the
pear on the 14th, have in most cases set in profusion; but the plum in the healthiest
trees luxuriantly covered with bloom, has totally failed. On this occasion it is not
to be attributed as in some former years, to cold and long continued rains, easterly
winds or fogs, for from the first to the last day of the month we had only half an inch
of water, and only 18-100ths of an inch at any one time. But dry weather, as well
as an excess of wet, is productive of consequences destructive to certain kinds of
fruit, and without certain precautions, to none more fatal than to the plum.—In
seeking for a small chocolate-colored maggot which commits its depredations like
a thief in the night, and takes its rest coiled in a leaf during the day, we perceived a
small black and winged insect preying upon the blossoms of the trees. They were
more particularly attracted by the plum tree upon which they swarmed. This we
conjecture is the insect which also deposits an egg, that afterwards in the form of a
maggot eats its way to the stalk, and causes the fall of the plum. We have neither
leisure at this time, nor room to say every thing that occurs to us on the subject of
this destructive little insect. We have just hinted at the remedy, and here is the
remedy, which when generally known and practiced, will secure our fruit three
years in four.—Make a small fire and a great smoke with woolen rags or tarred
substances under the tree, two or three times from the first blooming, till the fruit be
set. These insects are not only driven off at the time by the smoke, but an effluvia
infects the blossoms, which become so unpleasant to them, that they altogether cease
feeding upon them.

J. P. TOWNSEND.

HAVING made great additions of
Seasonable GOODS, to his
Stock, now offers for Sale at the low-
est prices:—

Best Super. French
blue and black
Broadcloths
English & Ameri-
can ditto
Cassimeres & Cas-
sinets
Irish Linens & fine
linen Cambrics
Steam-loom Shirts-
ings & Sheetings
A great variety of
Calicoes
Printed Cambrics
Ginghams
Fine worsted black
Bombasins, suita-
ble for mens sum-
mer coats.
White twill'd Bom-
basets
Striped and white
Jeans
Blue striped Scar-
sockers

Merino, Crapes and
Cassimeres Shawls
Merino and plaid
silk Hdkfs.
Wide plaid Italian
Silks, of the new-
est patterns
White and colored
India Crapes
Silk, cotton and
worsted Hose
Men's cotton and
hemp half Hose
A great variety of
kid, beaver and
silk Gloves
Long white kid
Gloves, very nice
Elegant green twil-
led and plain
Lestrings
White Satins
With a great vari-
ety of articles not
enumerated.

L S O,

2 Boxes of Paper-Hangings,
which will be sold unusually cheap.
With a general Assortment of Do-
mestic Cotton GOODS, of the best
qualities and colours.
Newport, May 35.

WM. S. PATTEN,
Attorney at Law and Justice of
the Peace,

OFFICE next South of the Office
of the Newport Mercury.
Newport, June 22.

NEW GOODS.

JOE SHERMAN.

A LARGE Supply of SEASONABLE
GOODS, among which are:—
Elegant Canton CRAPES, of dif-
ferent colours.
Drab, Olive and Black Bombazines.
Silk Goods, and a few Pieces of
Peralans.

Silk and Merino Handkerchiefs.
Elegant Vestings.
Calicoes, a great Assortment, cheap.
Also, Russia, English and home-made
Diapers, some very stout.
A Variety of Domestic Cottons, by
the Piece.—Good Beddicking.
Scotch and Straw Carpetings
Ivory and Horn long, round and neck
Combs.

Lustre Ware in sets, and a few Tea-
Pots separate.—China in sets or single
dozen, cheaper than ever.—Glass
Ware, &c. &c.

Likewise, A handsome Assortment
of PAPER-HANGINGS
Newport, 1st of 6th mo. 1822.

NOTICE.

THE Subscribers appointed Execu-
tors of the Last Will and Testa-
ment of

CHARLES FERE,

late of Newport, Druggist, deceased
having given bonds as the law directs,
for the faithful discharge of the trust,
request all persons indebted to said
Estate, to make immediate payment,
and all persons having any demands, to
present them to

MARY TOWNSEND,
JOHN F. TOWNSEND.
Newport, May 28.

FOREIGN NEWS.

NEW-YORK, JUNE 20.

Late from England.

BY the Ship Comet, Capt. Moore, which arrived last evening in 28 days from London, news to the 18th of May have been received, but they furnish no important items to the previous scanty stock of European intelligence.

A petition has been presented to Parliament by the merchants and traders of London, against opening the ports of the West-Indies to the trade of the United States.

The importance of the trade which will be opened by the establishment of South American independence, arrests the attention of the mercantile community in both England and France. The principal merchants of Paris on the 6th of May, gave a public dinner to M. Zou, the Colombian Minister.

A cavalcade of about 140 persons, poor agriculturists, passed through Sheffield the middle of May for Liverpool, where they were to embark for the United States, carrying with them their bedding, clothing, provisions, &c.

It is reported that the Earl of Grosvenor has lost 100,000*l.* by the default of an agent.

The celebrated Abbe Sicard, Director of the Institution of the Deaf and Dumb at Paris, died on the 10th of May, at the age of eighty.

The distressed situation of certain districts of Ireland, continued to excite the most lively interest, and very liberal subscriptions were making to purchase provisions for the inhabitants, who are actually perishing with hunger.

RUSSIA AND TURKEY.

It will now be seen that so far from the intelligence previously received, of Turkey having lowered its tone and shown a disposition to give up Moldavia and Wallachia, the Divan had resolved not to give up one single point, notwithstanding the continued efforts of the ministers of Great Britain and Austria, to induce the Sultan and his ministers to accede to the proposals of Russia. The Divan still behave in the most supercilious manner towards the European Ambassadors, to whom they scarcely deign to return an answer to the diplomatic notes which the latter present; while the soldiers of Turkey continue to commit the greatest atrocities on the unfortunate Greeks, who are within their power. The accounts by this conveyance do not warrant the belief, that a Congress would be held for the purpose of settling the existing differences. On the contrary, it appears that the Emperor Alexander was to have left his capital on the 4th of May for Warsaw, to place himself at the head of his armies, and that all the letters from Russia and Poland up to the end of April, breathed nothing but hostility. The Turks too, are stated to have 18,000 men in Moldavia and Wallachia, and on the Danube, and betwixt that river and Mount Haemus, their whole forces, consisting mostly of Asiatic troops, are estimated at 200,000 men. It is obvious from these statements, whether the negotiations going on, terminate in peace or in war, that both parties are preparing for the worst.

FRANCE.

The elections, going on in France, appear to be favorable to the liberals. In the department of the Seine, out of ten members there were only two royalists, and out of the eight departments, six were patriots. France is represented to be generally tranquil. A party of Spanish insurgents who had passed the frontiers were instantly disarmed by the Gendarmes, which is considered as evidence of the good disposition of the French government towards Spain. Two failures had taken place at Bordeaux to a considerable amount; the one a French mercantile house, and the other an English.

The *Moniteur*, has published an explanation respecting the affair of Samana, in St. Domingo. That paper states the fact of the case to be, that some of the French vessels stationed in the West Indies, repaired, at the request of the French residents in Samana to assist them in their escape, and afford them an asylum in case of need. It is positively denied that troops were landed, the white flag hoisted, or any hostile act whatever committed.

GREAT BRITAIN.

In the House of Commons, Mr. Hume brought forward his motion relative to the Linton Islands, the object of which was to obtain an enquiry into the causes of deserting the inhabitants of these islands. The motion was lost by a majority of 35 out of 216 members. An opinion continued to be entertained that the bill for the admission into the House of Lords of the Catholic peers, which had passed the committee of the House of Commons without a dissenting voice, would be rejected in the Upper House. The efforts of the opposition to obtain further reductions in the ministerial corps, were defeated by a majority of 227 out of 321. Lord Londonderry's bill for amending the Corn laws was read a first time on the 14th, and ordered for a second reading on the 21st of May. The middle of June was spoken of as the period when parliament would be dissolved; after which the King was expected to commence his tour to the Continent, and to return by Scotland. An American vessel recently seized at Cork with a large cargo of tobacco on board, has been condemned as a smuggler.

The resignation of Lord Liverpool, again talked of, and a rumor has been stated that Mr. Canning will not go out to India.

By the Mail.

LOUISIANA.

NEW-ORLEANS, MAY 28.

Defeat of the Pirates!

AN account has already been published of an attack made by a piratical vessel upon the brig *Belvidere*, Capt. Lamson, from Port au Prince for this port. Capt. L. has arrived at the Balise, and furnished the following particulars. He was hailed by the piratical Captain and ordered on board his vessel. Capt. L. replied that he was coming, and other some delay, during which the crew of the *Belvidere* were preparing to defend themselves, the commander of the pirates came alongside in his boat, and jumped on board the *Belvidere*. Capt. L. instantly shot him down with a musket, and a severe conflict ensued between the crew of the boat and that of the *Belvidere*; the issue of which was, the total defeat of the pirates, with the loss of 6 of their number killed. One seaman of the *Belvidere* was mortally wounded.

Capt. Lamson (who on a former voyage was robbed and shamefully abused by pirates, and, determined to resist any further attacks from them, had prepared his vessel and crew accordingly) is certainly entitled to great praise for his gallant and spirited conduct. A few such checks as this will as effectually prevent a repetition of the outrages perpetrated by these lawless seamen, as any thing which our seventy-four or frigates can do.

KENTUCKY.

LEXINGTON, JUNE 18.

Imprisonment for Debt.

The bank of the United States, by their counsel, a few days before the close of the late term of the Federal court in this place, moved the court to instruct the clerk to issue on application the writ of *ex se*, the law of the state abolishing the writ notwithstanding.

The motion for the bank was argued by Mr. Clay, who replied, that by the constitution the Congress of the United States, had the power to regulate the process of the court, and that they had done so, and read various statutes of the United States on the subject. He however declined an argument, of what would be the effect or mode of the execution of such process under the existing law.

Mr. Monroe argued the question in opposition, and contended that personal liberty and the right of locomotion as affected, or to be affected by contract was matter exclusively of state regulation, and the state government had as much power to exempt the person of the debtor from the creditors, as they had to exempt his lands, or the *bed* and other *little furniture* necessary for keeping a family together; the former of which was formerly, and the latter lately had been exempted from sale. He also replied, that Congress had not regulated the process of the court of the United States otherwise, than that they should be such as was used in the state courts, and that all changes made by state authority, operated as a change in the Federal courts.

The court overruled the motion—the circuit judge giving it as his opinion that Congress had not so regulated the process of the court as to not leave it subject to state legislation. The district judge expressed a decided opinion upon the statutes, but said the usage of the court since its establishment having been to regard the state statutes, on the subject of execution, he would not disturb the practice.

Subsequently, by agreement between Mr. Clay and other counsel for the defendant, in one case designed to be embraced by the motion, an adjourned case was made which will be speedily determined by the Supreme Court. The question is an interesting one, to those debtors who are so unfortunate as to have been sued in this court.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

CHARLESTON, JUNE 16.

Pirates!

Yesterday, three Spaniards charged with piracy, were brought up for trial before the U. S. Court—an affidavit in their behalf was produced, alleging that they had been taken on shore, and could procure evidence of their innocence from Havana if time was allowed. The Court taking into consideration the place where they were taken, and the circumstance of their being foreigners, unacquainted with our language, postponed their trial until November next, and no further business being before the court, it was adjourned.

JUNE 17.

Wm Bothwick, the fugitive who arrived at Savannah in the *Junco*, from Liverpool, and was arrested on a charge

of robbing the East Lothian Bank, in Scotland, was proprietor and captain of that ship, which is reported to be for a very heavy fine by the U. S. authorities. He is in default to the extent of the amount of \$2,000, which he has been drawing out at different periods for the last five or six years, and furnishing to a commercial house with which he was connected. It is not probable, from the circumstances of Bothwick's flight, that this house is able to indemnify the Bank. There was found upon the person of Bothwick, at Savannah only the sum of 300*l.* in Bank notes, which he delivered up; he said there were 400 sovereigns in his trunk, which he would also give up—and that this was all the property he brought with him. He also stated that he had deposited in Liverpool the sum of \$18,000 subject to his order, and that this was all the property he possessed. Of the latter sum, only 700*l.* was recovered in Liverpool, after the sailing of the *Junco*, being all that was acknowledged to have been received in deposit.

A bill of lading was found among his papers, for merchandise shipped to a house in Prussia.

The Savannah papers of the 14th, state that Wm. Bothwick was brought before Judge Charlton on the preceding day, by writ of Habeas Corpus. Bothwick was committed by a judge, under a general affidavit that he answered the description of the cashier, who was in default at the bank of Lothian.

Judge Charlton decided, that the prisoner was not charged with any criminal offence—and that it had been, that offence would appear to have been committed in a foreign country, over which the court had no jurisdiction. There was no principal of amity, or international law which would authorize the arrest of a fugitive from the justice of a foreign independent sovereignty. It must be a matter entirely dependant upon treaty arrangements. Upon these grounds, he directed the prisoner to be discharged.

Bothwick, however, was immediately afterwards arrested by order of the Judge, on a bill in chancery praying for the writ *ex se*—a discovery of affairs in relation to the bank, and for an account, and required to give bail to abide the decree.

He has leave, however, after notice, as we are informed, to move to set aside this writ of *ex se*. The prisoner not being able to procure bail has been committed to goal.

COLUMBIA.

WASHINGTON-CITY, JUNE 23.

Spanish Claims.

The Board of Commissioners on the 15th, at the motion of one of the counsel, appointed Monday, the 24th instant, finally to determine the question as to the reception of claims arising from breach of contract with our citizens by the government of Spain. It will be remembered, that the Commissioners, a little before the close of their last session, addressed a letter to the Secretary of State, the object of which was to ascertain the intention of the high contracting parties, with regard to the particular claims. The reply of Mr. Adams reduced the Commissioners to the unpleasant alternative of violating the good faith of the United States or of deciding contrary to their own construction of the treaty: they did not, of course, hesitate to sacrifice their own opinions, and accordingly intimated to those concerned, that their only reason for now delaying to enter these claims on their docket, as received, was the promise which they had given to hear the arguments of the adverse counsel. Under such circumstances, however, it appears to us that all argument would be superfluous.

We understand that the Board also made known on Saturday the general course of proceeding which they had adopted for the present session—they will go on with the examination of all the original and supplemental memorials filed in pursuance of their last order, and then proceed to set down for examination, according to the rule of the Board, the claims which have been six months received. It is important, therefore, that claimants should be ready with their documents, as we learn that no additional proof will be admitted after a claim is once set down for examination, unless the most satisfactory reasons are assigned for the delay.

National Intelligencer.

MARYLAND.

BALTIMORE, JUNE 24.

Destructive Fire!

The alarm of fire was raised about half past four o'clock yesterday afternoon, and proved a true, and in the result a lamentable one. It originated in the lumber yard of Messrs. Kirby & Clark, in the rear of McElderry's wharf, and spread with a rapidity, altogether uncontrollable by the utmost exertions of the fire and engine men (which were rendered with their usual alacrity and spirit) until it had destroyed seven-eighths of the back warehouses and dwellings fronting on Eldridge's wharf. Two or three houses were also destroyed on the south side of Pratt-street. The total loss of buildings, large and

small, is near thirty. The loss of property, independent of the buildings, was very considerable. An immense number of citizens assembled with promptitude, to aid in extinguishing the flames. Every attempt, however, from the beginning, must have been manifestly unsuccessful; and the littleness and weakness of human power were never more completely and impressively evinced, than in this appalling and disheartening scene when the destroying element, with irresistible force consumed the avails of industry, and seemed to mock at human interference.

Every thing was done, we believe, that was practicable, to preserve the property. But there could not have been a more unpropitious scene for exertion. At the commencement the wind blew a gale from the S. East. It occasionally ceased, but still held strong for several hours. The fire consumed in a lumber yard. Opinions vary as to its origin. But as the fire sprang up in two different places, it is rationally concluded to be the work of an incendiary. There are other of our circumstances, which support this last conjecture. The second building which it reached was a tannery distillery. Add to this the immense piles of lumber placed near so many warehouses, and of which not less than one hundred thousand dollars were burnt, and who can wonder at the uncontrollable fierceness of the fire?

We deeply sympathize with the honest, industrious, and respectable sufferers. Our fellow citizens, we know, will render something more than sympathy. What can more forcibly remind us of the frail tenure, which man holds on every thing terrestrial, than to find him in the morning blessed with competence, no means of industry and commerce, and before another sunrise, gazing on the ruins of that which was essential to the support of his consort, and the bringing forward his children into life?

Some lives were reported to have been lost—it is certain several persons were severely injured, among them, Mr. Joseph Hammond, who fell from the roof of a house, was very severely hurt, and doubts are entertained of his recovery.—Mr. Davis also fell and had his thigh broken in a most shocking manner.

Col. Stewart is a considerable sufferer at his stone yard, adjoining the lumber yard, the intense heat destroyed large bodies of freestone and marble, valued at between 2 and 3000 dollars.

Fifteen of the 3-story buildings were insured in the Equitable Fire Insurance Company.

We have it from one of the unfortunate sufferers, that the loss of Messrs. Kirby & Clark, is at least \$65,000. Mr. West's 25,000 dollars, and Messrs. Bromell's 15,000 dollars.

PENNSYLVANIA.

PHILADELPHIA, JUNE 25.

From the Spanish Maine.

We have been favored by the *scholar*, Tom, Captain Craycroft, from Carrasco, with papers of that place to the 26th of May.

The following article has been communicated to us by Captain Fajem, who came passenger in the *Tom*: A proclamation issued by General Clemente, dated Maracaybo, 23d May, gives an account of an engagement which took place on the 7th of April, on the heights of Carico, between the Colombians under Gen Bolivar, and the Royalists commanded by General Murgeon. The battle is said to have been very sanguinary, and the loss of the Spaniards, including their chief, very considerable. The details are not given. The above are all the particulars noticed in the proclamation; but they may be relied on as official.

MASSACHUSETTS.

BOSTON, JUNE 25.

Messrs. Adams and Russell.

The answer of Mr. Russell to the Note of Mr. Adams has been received in this city, and will appear in numbers in the *Statesman*. The first number will be published to-morrow. It is said to be a dispassionate production, and confined altogether to the subject in controversy. We have understood from a correct source, that Mr. Russell never saw the anonymous article which was published in the *Worcester Eagle* until it appeared in print. We learn also, that he has demanded of the editor of the *New-York Statesman*, the name of the writer of an article signed "*Archie*," which appeared in that paper; who in effect charges Mr. R. with having held a criminal intercourse with persons in England, under a contract to furnish them with information of the progress of the negotiations at Ghent. The charge is indignantly denied.

The Board of Health of New-York, in a long, and what the *Evening Post* calls "a well timed and very excellent address," recommends to their fellow-citizens, cleanliness in their persons, as well as in their dwellings.

Demo. Press.

A kidnapper of Negroes has been sentenced by the City Court of Baltimore to the Penitentiary in that city, for ten years.

THE MERCURY.

Newport,

Saturday, June 29, 1822.

INDEPENDENCE.

The 46th Anniversary of American Independence will be celebrated here on Thursday next.

The following is the order of Procession, adopted by the Committee of Arrangements.

1. Newport Independent Volunteers.
2. Artillery Company.
3. Militia Officers, General, Regimental and Staff.
4. Members of the General Assembly, and officers of the State Government.
5. Justices of the State Courts and their Clerks.
6. Members of Congress, and Officers of the U. S. Government.
7. Town-Council, Treasurer, and Clerk, preceded by the Town-Sergeant.
8. Commissioners of the Newport Asylum.
9. Association of Mechanics.
10. Marine Society.
11. Society of Cincinnati.
12. Officers of the U. S. Army and Navy.
13. His Excellency the Governor & suite, preceded by the High Sheriff.
14. Rev. Clergy, Orator, &c.
15. Committee of Arrangements.
16. Citizens and Strangers.

Col. Levi Tower and David Melville, Esq. are appointed Marshals of the Procession.

The Procession will form at 10 o'clock, on the Parade—move up the south side of Washington-square, down Spring-street and Pellam-street, up Thames-street, to the 2d Baptist Meeting-House.

The Rev. Mr. Elton will offer the introductory Prayer—the Declaration of Independence will be read by Mr. William H. Vernon, and the Oration will be pronounced by the Rev. Dr. J. J. J. J.

After the services, the procession will form in the same order, proceed up Farewell-street, round Liberty-tree, down Thames-street to the Parade, and dismiss.

MASONIC FESTIVAL.

On Monday last was celebrated in this Town, the Festival of St. John the Baptist.—The Grand Lodge of this State, together with the subordinate Lodges, assembled at the Masonic Hall at 12 o'clock, when a procession was formed, and proceeded to Trinity Church, where after prayers by the Rev. Mr. Winton, an excellent sermon, replete with sublime instruction and christian benevolence, was delivered by the Right Rev. Bishop Griswold, to a numerous and highly gratified audience.—At the close of the exercises, the Procession again formed, and returned to the Hall, where they partook of a splendid entertainment.—After which the Grand Lodge proceeded to the election of their officers for the year ensuing, when the following Brethren were elected to the offices annexed to their respective names, viz: M. W. John Carle, Grand-Master. R. W. Richard Anthony, D. G. Master. W. Charles Cotton, G. Senior Warden. W. Peter Grianell, G. Junior Warden. W. Benjamin Clifford, Grand Treas. W. Walker Humphry, Grand Sec'y. W. Jeremiah Bliss, G. Senior Deacon. W. Barney Merry, G. Junior Deacon. Rev. Barnabas Bates, Grand Chaplain. W. Josiah Whitaker, Grand Marshal. James Coggeshall, G. Sword Bearer. Hernon Dunn, Grand Tyler.

Steam-Boat Connecticut.

The Steam-Boat Connecticut, Capt. Bunker, arrived here on Thursday forenoon, in 19 hours from New-York with 64 passengers.—By this arrival, we were favored with New-York papers of Wednesday morning and evening, from which we have made several extracts, under our mail head.

THE DUEL.

The Savannah Patriot of the 20th inst. says,—"We learn by a gentleman direct from Augusta, that the ball was extracted from Mr. Duffie's wound on Wednesday last, and that he was considered in a state of rapid recovery.—A friendly meeting had taken place between the principals in the duel, subsequent to its occurrence!"

The Hon. Mr. Lowndes and family, arrived at New-York on Sunday last, from Charleston.

The Ship Robert Fulton arrived at New-York on Wednesday, in 38 days from Liverpool, and brings papers to May 16th—but they contain no political news.

MEDICAL SOCIETY.

At the Anniversary Meeting of the Rhode-Island Medical Society, held at Providence on Wednesday last, the following gentlemen were elected Officers for the year ensuing:—

Pardon Bowen, M. D. President.
Caleb Elmer, M. D. 1st Vice-President.
David King, M. D. 2d
Pardon Brownell, M. D. Rec. Secretary
Dr. William Turner, Corres. Secretary
Thomas M. Barrows, M. D. Treasurer
Horatio G. Bowen, Librarian and Cabinet Keeper.

Dr. Edmund T. Waring } Censors for
Dr. William G. Shaw, } the Southern
Dr. Samuel West, and } District.
Charles Cotton, M. D.
Levi Wheaton, M. D. } Censors for
Solomon Brown, M. D. } the Northern
Dr. Samuel Hudson, } District.
John Mackie, M. D.

Resolved, That the annual meeting of the Censors for the Southern District be hereafter held on the second Wednesday in September, and that the annual meeting of the Censors for the Northern District be held on the second Wednesday in March.

Resolved, That Salmon A. Arnold, M. D. be admitted a Fellow of the Society.

Resolved, That the Society recommend to the Apothecaries of this State, the Pharmacopoeia of the United States; that it may be generally adopted as a standard for the preparation of Medicines.

Dr. Joseph Mauran was appointed first and Dr. Samuel West second Orator for the next anniversary.

An interesting Discourse on Typhoid Fever was read by Dr. William C. Witheredge.

FROM MEXICO.

A letter has been received at Baltimore from Gen. Wilkinson, at Mexico, stating that he was well, and in an employment for which he received a salary of \$1,500.

The U. S. brig Enterprize, Kearney, was at Vera Cruz on the first of May, and on the same day a caravan arrived at that place from Mexico, with two millions of dollars, destined for Spain. The Imperialists grant the privilege of quitting the country, and of carrying with them their effects, to all who are disposed to leave it. The fort at Vera Cruz remains in the hands of the Royalists; but it is represented to be weak, and will probably soon fall into the hands of the followers of Yturbe.

From Caracas.

The editors of the American have received Caracas papers to the 15th of May. These papers contain a proclamation prohibiting all foreigners from selling merchandise on their own account in any of the ports of Colombia, or from making any shipments from thence until six months after having signified their intention to become citizens of the republic. Puerto Cabello was still held by the royalists. Intelligence had been received that two divisions of Morales' army had advanced upon Maracaibo, one of which, commanded by Col. Ballesteros, of 300 men, was met by a division of Col. Huras, a patriot chief, and were captured. Both the commanders were killed. Morales had retreated. Extreme distress prevailed in the province of Coro—a famine had been produced by a dearth of rain, none having fallen in four years. Half the inhabitants of Cumarebo had died of hunger. An action had taken place with 800 royalists, under Col. Tello, who, with 5 men only, escaped. Col. Arbutnot was among the sufferers. Bolivar was progressing in Quito—He had addressed proclamations to the inhabitants in the southern provinces, promising them protection and freedom.

New-York Daily Adv.

FROM CHILL.

A letter from an officer of the Franklin 74, dated at Valparaiso, Feb. 14, states, "That the Chilean government is now in tolerable good credit, having paid off all its paper currency, rendering specie the only circulating medium. Individual property, however, is by no means safe here, for the officers of government take indiscriminately wherever they find it, regulating their right only by their necessities. A few days previous to our arrival, the Governor of Concepcion took from Captain Pinkham, of the ship Ocean, of New-York, seven thousand dollars, without any pretext what ever, except that they wanted it, and treated him and his crew in a shameful and cruel manner, to compel them to show where the money was stowed. The Ocean arrived here the day before yesterday, and the government will now doubtless disown the act, and refund the money, owing to the presence of our ship. Nothing but the strong arm of power will keep these people in order."

LACONIC SENTENCE.

We have always thought that a sentence in law ought to be no more than a sentence in grammar. It was therefore very grateful to hear from Judge Johnson, of the U. S. Court, the following sentence on Francis Garcia, a Spaniard convicted of passing a counterfeit dollar. The prisoner had endured or eluded all the penalties of the state courts, before he had the good fortune to attract the

notice of the U. S. Court. The following is substantially the contents of Garcia's plea: "Garcia, you are a bad fellow, and, to keep you out of bad company, we send you to hard labour in jail for 7 years." Charleston Courier.

Four gentlemen are announced as candidates for the office of Governor, and three for the office of Lieut. Governor of the State of Illinois. The time may come (says Goldsmith) when we may want cobblers to mend our shoes, but never when we shall want rulers to govern us.

On Saturday the 1st inst. an assemblage of people was collected at Knox, (Ohio) in a thicket of Beech Woods for divine service. A tent had been erected, and two sheds of considerable extent for the accommodation of the congregation, nearly in front of the tent, one on each side, leaving a space between for tables, &c. At the close of the service, a heavy thunder gust came on.—At this instant a large beech tree broke and struck another which fell directly across a shed under which about thirty people were crowded. A Mrs. Stuffer and her child were killed, and a number of persons severely wounded.

An Odd Fish.

A Fish, weighing from 80 to 60 pounds, and corresponding in every respect with the description of the one lately caught in the waters of New Jersey has been discovered near the Slate Rock on Seekonk River.—It came on shore during the thunder-storm on the night of 20th instant.

MARRIED.

In this town on Sunday evening last by the Rev. Mr. Webb, Mr. CHARLES F. FARRINGTON, to Miss HANNAH R. MUMFORD daughter of Mr. John Mumford all of this town.

At North Kingstown, Mr. JOHN R. GARDINER of Prince Edward Island, to Miss MARY GARDINER, daughter of Mr. Amos Gardiner, of North-Kingstown.

At Providence on Tuesday last, BENJAMIN F. HALLETT, Esq. Attorney at Law, to Miss LAURA LARNED, daughter of William Larned, Esq. all of Providence.

DIED.

In this town on Saturday morning last Miss SARAH OLDSMAN, in the 73d year of her age.

On Tuesday, Mrs. THURSTON, widow of Mr. John Thurston, aged 65 years.

At Providence on Wednesday last, Mr. FREDERICK HATMAWAY, aged 27 years.

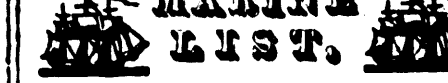
At Rehoboth, Deacon JOHN BROWN aged 85 years.

In Charleston (S. C.) Dr. JOHN WARR M'CALL, aged about 29. He was in the act of putting away his pistol in the wardrobe, when it accidentally went off and killed him.

WEEKLY ALMANACK.

1822.	Sun	Sun	High	Moon
June.	rises.	sets.	water.	sets.
29 Saturday,	4 29/7	32 3 57	0 37	
30 Sunday,	4 29/7	31 4 45	1 6	
July 1, Monday,	4 30/7	31 5 35	1 43	
2 Tuesday,	4 30/7	30 6 26	2 27	
3 Wednesday,	4 30/7	30 7 18	3 18	
4 Thursday,	4 31/7	29 8 9	rises.	
5 Friday,	4 32/7	28 8 58	8 41	

Full Moon 4th day, 6h. 9 min. in the Morning.



Port of Newport,

JUNE 29, 1822.

ENTERED.
Schooner Margaret, Gaul, New-York CLEARED.

Sch'r Margaret, Cranall, Boston Washington Packet, Shove, Richmond Arrived on Sunday, Schooner Franklin, Gibbs, from New-York.

Arrived on Thursday, sloop Express Hammett, from Charleston in 4 days, and 24 hours from New-York.

Same Day, sloop Niagara, Fowler, from Charleston.

Same Day, sloop Hannah & Nancy, Turner, from War on

Arrived Yesterday, Packet Alonzo, Westcott, 26 hours from New-York. Passengers, Rev. Dr. Roger A. of Philadelphia, a native of this town; his two daughters; Mr. Porter of Massachusetts; and several others.

MARINE MEMORANDA

Left at Point Pelee 24 days since, brig Hiram, Easton, for this port in 10 days.

At Hamburg May 4, Brig Stephen, Stanhope, of this port, not begun to discharge.

At Matanzas June 6, Brig Nicholas & Felix, Calvert, of this port, from Baltimore.

Ship Mary Almy, Hudson, sailed from Gottenburg April 30th, for Stockholm.

At Richmond June 17th, Saily Ann, New-York, from this port, sailed from New-York June 23d, for (Tasell, Dayton, & this port, for South-America.

NEW ASSORTMENT

N. SWEET & CO.

are constantly receiving,

ADDITIONAL supplies of CHEAP GOODS, suitable to the Season, and are determined to sell them very low for Cash; they invite their Old Customers and the Public to give them a call, and they cannot help buying. Among them are the following:—

English Goods,

Real Superfine blue, black and brown Broadcloths and Cassimeres; black, blue, brown, olive and French grey Bombazines, from 20 cents to 30; scarlet, green and crimson Saluberry Flannels; white Flannels from 2 to 6; Watch do. very cheap; red and yellow ditto; elegant Scotch Plaids of the newest patterns; Cassimeres Shawls, with and without borders; Crapes, cassimeres and cotton do. with merino borders; Battmett; double width Bombasin; Denmark satin for shoes; Venetian stair Carpets, for 36; Scotch ingrain ditto, from 6 to 60; Watten Rugs; pink, purple and blue striped Jean; white and coloured Marcelline Vestings; elegant Valencia ditto; black, lino, jaconet and mull-mullins; a complete assortment of Calicoes from 1 to 20; Ginghams for 16; cotton shirtings; cotton Cambrics from 16 to 36 per yard; furniture Calicoes and Chalmers.

Hosiery,

Silk, black and white, from 76 to 150 per pair; white and coloured, mixed, cotton, pump, weaved lambs wool do; cotton and hemp socks for only 16.

French Goods,

Elegant small merino point worked border Shawls; large merino Shawls; cheap; imitation and French Crapes; Lavantine, double chain black, olive & cinnamon Lustings, for only 30; gentlemen and ladies' white and black silk Hosiery; silk gloves; white and coloured kid gloves; elegant plaid silk Handkerchiefs; Parasols from 9 to 5 dollars.

American Goods.

Unbleached real good burlings for only 10 per yard; Sheetting do. from 10 to 20 cents; blue stripes, shambay and plaid for 10; bedtickings; white and figured Jeans; feather fans.

Canton Goods.

Real good Canton Crapes, from 5 to 35 50 the half piece; inchaws and sarongs; Nankin Crapes; black and yellow Nankins; Nankin craps dresses; bandannos and flax Handkerchiefs.

Russia Goods,

Russian Drapes, from 10 to 166 per yd. and 4 dots. per piece; linen Damask 6 4 wide for only 466 per yard, for cheap table Cloths.

An elegant assortment of horn Combs and the cheapest lot of Turtle-shell Combs ever offered in Newport.

Elegant Assortment of Ribbons.

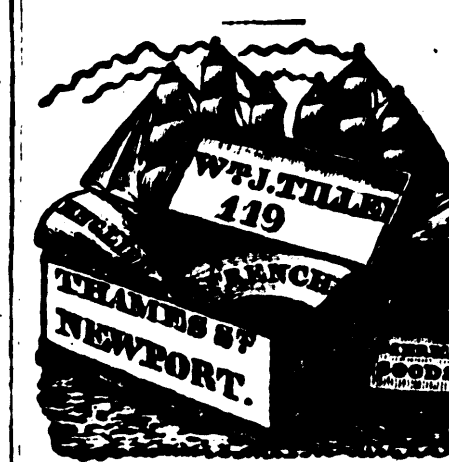
LEGHORNS.

A very cheap Lot of Leghorn Flats and Gipsies.

An assortment of Oil Cloths for Tables—Elegant mowhair Nets—Silver-eyed Needles for only 20 per hundred—Tapes, Pins and wire 1 thread.

ALSO DAY & MARTIN'S Real Japan Blacking
Newport, June 29.

Closing up, for a Removal.



No. 1, Custom-House Court,

Has just Opened,

THE Cheapest Lot of Piece Goods that was ever offered in this State. He is in expectation of leaving this place in the Fall, is determined to sell his whole Stock off at cost, to close up his business before he removes. He has wid: Bombasins for 66 the yard; the nicest Merino Handkerchiefs, for 37; Ladies Cotton Hose as low as 166 per pair; Black Lustings from 30 to 36; Thread Laces from 6d to 766 per yard—and Super Broadcloths 10 or 15 per cent. cheaper than ever—and all other articles proportionably Cheap. W. J. T. wishes all those who have demands against him to call and receive their pay, and those who are indebted to him by Note or Book Account, to call and settle with him in sixty days. Newport, June 29.

Rhode-Island Union Bank

A Semi-Annual Dividend will be declared and paid on Monday, the 1st day of July, 1822, and on every succeeding day, during Bank hours, until completed, to the Stockholders, whose names stand on the Books of this Institution on the 28th inst. or to their legal representatives, on which day transfers of Shares cease until the aforesaid 1st of July.

And on Monday, the 1st day of July, at 11 o'clock A. M. a Stockholders' Meeting will be held at their Banking House for the election of Nine Directors for the year ensuing, agreeably to Charter, and for transacting such other business as may be laid before them. By order of the President & Directors,
JOHN L. BOSS, Cashier,
Newport, June 30.

In Town-Meeting,

JUNE 4th, 1822.

An Act to preserve and regulate the Fountain, lately erected near the foot of the Mall in Washington-square

BE it enacted by the Freemen of Newport in Town-Meeting assembled, and by the authority thereof it is enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, there shall be chosen by the Freemen of said Town, some suitable and proper person, whose duty it shall be to superintend the said Fountain, and have the care thereof, and who in full compensation for his trouble and services, is hereby authorised to charge and collect Two Cents for each and every household of water filled at said fountain for the use of any ship or vessel bound upon any foreign voyage, or for any other purpose, other than domestic use.

And be it further enacted, That if any person or persons shall hereafter deface, or in any way injure any of the works attached to said Fountain, or shall put any fish or any kind whatever in the stream or tub of said Fountain, or shall in any other way foul the water thereof, or shall by any act divert the water running from the spout of said fountain, by collecting and throwing off the same with the hand, or otherwise to the annoyance of any one, or shall do any act or thing at the reservoir upon which said steam flows, calculated to injure any of the works belonging to the said Fountain, or to render unwholesome the waters running to it, every person so offending shall forfeit and pay a fine not less than One Dollar, and not exceeding Four Dollars, for each and every offence, one-half thereof to and for the use of the Town, and the other half to and for the use of him who shall sue for and recover the same, to be recovered in an action of debt, before any Court competent to try the same.

Witness,
CHARLES GYLES, Town-Clerk

An Act for the better preservation

of the Side-walks in Newport.

BE it enacted by the Freemen of said Town in Town-Meeting assembled, That from and after the passing of this Act, every person who shall ride, drive, or lead any horse, or shall drive or lead any horse and cart, waggon, dray, sled, sleigh or any other vehicle, drawn by one or more horses, ox or oxen, or shall wheel a wheel-barrow upon, or against any side-walk, now laid or which may hereafter be laid in this Town with brick or flat stones, unless for the purpose of necessarily crossing such side-walks; or shall fasten or hitch any horse or horses, or oxen, so that they may stand on such side-walk; or shall saw or deposit any wood, lumber, or other materials thereon; or shall in any other manner whatever obstruct, or render inconvenient the free use of such side-walk for foot passengers, such person so offending shall for each and every offence, forfeit and pay for the use of said Town, a sum not exceeding Ten Dollars, and not less than One Dollar, at the discretion of the Court before whom the offender may be tried, to be recovered in any action of debt, in the name of the Town-Treasurer, before any Court competent to try the same.

And be it further enacted, That the horse or horses, ox or oxen, fastened or hitched as aforesaid, so as to get on, or be liable to get on any such side-walk, may be let loose by any freeholder of said Town.

And whereas all passengers on the side-walk in Thames-Street, would be greatly accommodated, if those passing up said Street were as far as conveniently might be to use one of said side-walks and those passing down to use the other.

I therefore for the purpose of recommending so convenient a practice, Be it further enacted, That all persons passing up said Street, shall take the right or easterly side-walk of said street; and all persons passing down, shall take the right or westerly side-walk of said street. And that it shall be the duty of all persons passing contrary to this act, to give way for those passing in conformity thereto.—And be it further enacted, That all persons standing on either of said side-walks, shall carefully avoid obstructing the passage of those passing in conformity to the foregoing resolution.

And be it further enacted, That all former acts heretofore passed on this subject, which are contrary to this Act, be and the same are hereby repealed.

Witness,
CHARLES GYLES, Town-Clerk,
Newport, June 4, 1822.

Auctions.

THIS DAY, June 29th,

At 1 o'clock A. M. will be sold at Auction at the Navy Store on GARDNER'S Wharf, by order of the Navy Agent.

FOUR CAMBOONES—a number of Water Casks—Hammers, blocks, iron stanchions, lanterns, compasses, hooks and thimbles, saws, chests, a quantity of old Iron, Lead, &c.—Conditions, Cash.

JOHN B. LYON, Auctioneer.

Newport, June 22

On MONDAY, July 15th,

At 11 o'clock A. M. will be sold at Public Auction, on the premises, (if not previously disposed of at private Sale)

A HOUSE and Wharf situated on Thames-street, formerly the property of the late James Freedy, Esq.—and will be sold at the time of Sale—Any parties respecting the above Estate, may be known by applying to the Subscriber, previous to the Sale.

WILLIAM LOVIE, Auctioneer.

Newport, June 28

N. E. RUM.

Made by the subscriber and Sold at his Store, No. 126, the new-Street, next South of the Mercury Office—Together with a general Assortment of GROCERIES, &c. by Wholesale and Retail—Also, Wood, Lunber, Flag and curb Stones, on the Wharf.

On Commission,

A few Bbls. first quality Albany ALE. 40 boxes 6 by 8 and 7 by 9 Window Glass.

2,000 wt. Salt Pork.

40 Barrels Lard.

600 Do. fresh superfine Alexandria FLOUR.

60,000 superior Alexandria SEGARS.

ALSO, For Sale,

200 Hhd retailing MOLASSES;

500 bushels yellow flint CORN.

HENRY BULL

Newport, June 29.

Assessor's Notice.

THE Subscribers being appointed in legal Town-Meeting, held June 4th, 1822, to assess a Tax of \$4767 8 cents, on the rateable property of the Inhabitants of this Town—whenever it is to be collected and paid into the Treasury on or before the 1st day of November next.—Also to assess as aforesaid, this Town's proportion of the State Tax ordered at the last Session of the General Assembly, which is \$935 47 cents.—Do hereby call on all persons to give in to either of us a list of their rateable Estates, within Ten Days from the date hereof, being the time allowed by law.

ANTHONY DIXON } Assessors.
THOMAS BU-H.
STEPHEN GOULD.

Newport, June 28, 1822.

NOTICE.

M. POPE,

Respectfully informs his Friends and the Public,

THAT he has appointed Mr. HENRY POTTER, Merchant, of Newport, as Agent for selling MUSTARD &c. where those who wish to purchase to sell again, can be supplied at the Factory prices.
Newport, June 29

NOTICE,

IS hereby given, that agreeably to an Act of the Hon. General Assembly, passed at their June Session, A. D. 1822, there will be sold at Public Auction, on the 30th day of September next, at One o'clock P. M. One-half of a large House and Garden situated on Little West Hill, in South-Kingstown, now occupied by Widow Mary Barker, and is a good situation for a Public or private House.—The Estate is subject to a life Lease, and to the dower of two Widows; said Estate belongs to the heirs of Joseph Pollock, deceased.—The bounds of the Estate, and Conditions of Sale, made known at the time and place.

GEORGE BROWN, jun. Auctioneer.

W. W. POLLOCK Guardian.

South Kingstown, June 21 1822.

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber hereby gives notice that she is appointed Administratrix, with the Will annexed, upon the estate of

BORDEN WATSON,

late of Janestown, deceased, (during the minority of Abijah B. Watson, who is appointed Executor of the aforesaid Will) and having accepted of the trust, she requests all persons indebted to said estate, to make immediate payment; and those having claims against said estate, to exhibit them for settlement.

ABEL WATSON, Admin'r.

Janestown, May 31, 1822.

POETRY.

From the Portsmouth (N. H.) Journal.

SERENADE.

WAKE, Lady fair I and hear me sing;
Ah! I shall I dare disturb thy rest?
Yet would I touch that ransomed string,
Should wake to pleasure all thy breast.
Lo, at this silent midnight hour,
Kneeling receive the need I bring,
And while my simple strain I pour,
Wake, Lady fair, and hear me sing.

We sound now breaks the calm serene,
The heavens are gem'd with twinkling light,
How bland the air! how sweet the scene,
How still, how tranquil is the night!
So still, so tranquil, be thy breast;
There let no passion rudely spring
To break thy peaceful bosom's rest;
Fair Lady, do you hear me sing?

Now on the lawn and dewy flower
The trembling moon-beams lightly sleep;
So sensibly sweet power,
Seems loveliest when she bids us weep.
May she thy silent moments cheer,
Her radiance o'er thy prospects clear,
And beam her lustre through thy tear;
Fair Lady, hear you what I sing?

But can the bosom peaceful be,
That feeling aways with quick control?
Yes—if celestial pity
Shed her sweet influence o'er thy soul.
May she thy sacred guide be given,
And resignation with her bring,
And hope, with eye that points to
Heaven—
This is the fondest wish I sing.

How mild the lustre of the night!
Far lovelier than the brightest day;
Thus memory sheds a soft'ning light,
Borrow'd from joys long past'd away.
So melancholy sweet to me
The thoughts that in my bosom spring,
When'er remembrance dwells on thee;
Still, Lady, wake, and hear me sing.

And now I'd soothe thee to repose;
Yet hie thy way I've sung receive;
May sweetest sleep your eyelids close,
And sweetest dreams your fancy weave.
Around your couch good angels keep
Their silent watch, and spread their wings
To guard your slumbers while you sleep.
Sleep, Lady sleep—no more I sing.

(BY REQUEST)

FROM THE CHRISTIAN WATCHMAN.

Union Prayer Meeting, IN WORCESTER COUNTY.

The undersigned, a Committee appointed at the Union Prayer Meeting, held in the Baptist Meeting House in Worcester, Feb. 27, 1823, to consider how far the two denominations composing this meeting were agreed, and how far they might consistently and properly be united, have paid some attention to the business assigned them, and respectfully submit the following:

REPORT.

Dear Brethren.—It has been matter of regret to all who have felt an interest in the advancement of true religion, that there should be separation and dissensions among the followers of the Lamb.—Considerations numerous and obvious bind together the hearts of the children of God, and should engage them, under all circumstances, to maintain the unity of the spirit in the bonds of peace. Being members of the same family; walking professedly by the same rule; exposed to the same difficulties, discouragements, foes, and fears; and expecting to dwell together in the same eternal home;—it would seem that the harmony of Christians ought to be uninterrupted, and their union complete, while on their pilgrimage below.

Impressed with these considerations, the thought has been a painful one to you, Committee, that they must meet, not as those who were "perfectly joined together in the same mind and in the same judgment;" but as members of different denominations in the Church of Christ. Their regret, however, has been more than compensated, in that the way has been opened for them to meet at all; and especially as they have been called together, not for attention but to study those things which make for future peace. And their gratification has been increased in discovering that the points in which they are agreed, are much more numerous and important than those in which they differ; and that, though separate in form, they are united in every thing which is essential to salvation.

We are agreed, in the first place, in our views of the fundamental doctrines of Christianity. The total depravity of the natural heart; the necessity of regeneration by the influence of the Divine Spirit; the Deity and atonement of Christ; justification by faith, the necessity and certainty of the saints' perseverance in holiness; a general judgment; the everlasting happiness of the righteous; and the endless punishment of

the wicked in the future world, are doctrines which we mutually receive and acknowledge as pillars in our system of religious truth.

2. We are agreed in Christian experience. So far as we have evidence that we are the followers of Christ, we believe we have experienced the same great change, and are now the subjects of religious views, feelings and affections, which are in kind the same.

3. We are agreed in respect to the grand object of our pursuit. The glory of God in the advancement of Christ's kingdom, and the salvation of souls, we mutually regard as an object of supreme importance—an object, compared with which all others lose their value, and appear as trifles.

4. We are agreed respecting the means by which this great object is to be promoted. The word of God, a preached gospel, meetings for religious conference, the Christian sacraments, Baptism and the Lord's Supper, the singing of psalms, prayer, in public and private, together with contributions for religious charitable objects, we number among the most prominent means, which we are authorized to use in attaining the enlargement of our Redeemer's kingdom.

5. We are agreed in considering the Churches we respectively represent, as Churches of Christ.—Churches which he has owned and blessed; nor do we discover any material difference of opinion in regard to the rights, powers, and discipline of these Churches.

6. We are agreed in acknowledging each other as regularly ordained ministers of Christ, and thus qualified officially for the performance of all ministerial acts.

Indeed, the differences by which we are specifically separated are few. In regard to the nature, or mode, and the subjects of Christian Baptism, and the exterior qualifications for communion at the Lord's Table, we have not the happiness at present to harmonize. The scriptures we mutually receive as our rule of faith; but particular passages relating to these subjects, which we agree in considering subjects of importance, we have not yet been enabled to interpret in the same way.

The points above noticed, in which the denominations composing this meeting are agreed, appear to us to lay a foundation for the following conclusions:

1. Ministers and Christians of these denominations may, with great propriety, unite, as occasion shall offer, in Meetings for Public Prayer.—Meetings similar to those which have already been attended, and from which this paper has originated. Interspersed with the devotions of these meetings, brief remarks may be made, and religious intelligence communicated. It is recommended that each meeting be concluded with a discourse, to be delivered ordinarily by one of a different denomination from him who has invited the meeting. In every thing pertaining to these meetings, there should be an entire reciprocity; and nothing should be said or done, which can have a tendency the most remote to disturb the feelings of any brother.

2. To members of Churches in regular standing, who request certificates of dismission and good standing, from the Churches of one denomination to those of the other, such certificates may, and ought, without unreasonable delay, to be given; and, by the Church to which they are addressed, they ought to be received in evidence of Christian character, as though they had come from a Church of his own denomination.

3. It is proper and right, that between the ministers of our respective denominations, there should be an occasional interchange of public labours; leaving it to every minister (as in all cases it should be) to regulate his own exchanges.

4. It should be the constant endeavour both of ministers and Christians of the two denominations, to treat each other, so far as they may have intercourse, in a kind and brotherly manner; ever remembering the direction of our Saviour, "Whatsoever ye would that men should do to you, do ye even so to them."

Finally.—As we are hoping and expecting, through infinite grace, to be united forever in the kingdom of our God above; we will now unite in the desire and prayer, that our present differences of opinion may soon cease; that existing impediments to our perfect union and communion may be speedily done away; and that the promised period may be hastened, when the "Watchmen shall see eye to eye, and the Lord shall bring again Zion."

All which is respectfully submitted.
JOSEPH GOSSE,
NICHOLAS BRANCH,
JONATHAN GOING,
ENOCH POND. } Committee

TO LET,—or Boarders wanted

A PART of that pleasantly situated House in Middletown, (less than 3 miles from the State House in Newport) on the Farm belonging to Capt. J. Wood, being one of the pleasantest situations on the Island for a Summer residence, will be Let ready furnished—or a few Boarders will be taken.—For terms, apply to the Subscriber.

JOHN ROSE.
Middletown, June 13.

QUARANTINE REGULATIONS.

THE Board of Health for the Town of Newport, at a Meeting held on the 12th day of June, 1823, for the purpose of making Regulations for the preservation of the Health of the Inhabitants of said Town, ordered and decreed the following

Quarantine Regulations.

First.—That every Vessel arriving at this Port between the 20th of this month and the 20th of October next, from any foreign port or place, lying between the latitude of 45 degrees north, and 45 degrees south; and every vessel arriving from any port in the United States south of the Chesapeake Bay, including Norfolk in the State of Virginia, shall be carried by the Health Officer to the Quarantine Ground near Coaster's Harbour Island.—Provided nevertheless, That any Vessel bound to some other Port, and merely stopping at this Port to wait for a wind, shall be permitted to proceed on her voyage, provided she does not anchor within a Mile of the Town, nor have any communication therewith.

Second.—That when any Vessel has been carried to the Quarantine Ground by the Health Officer, he shall as soon as may be, inform the President of this Board of her situation and circumstances, and shall by his advice and direction, take such measures for cleansing said Vessel, as are proper and necessary, and shall detain her on the Quarantine Ground so long as the President shall think it expedient.

Third.—That whenever any Vessel shall arrive at this Port, having any person sick on board, the President, on being informed thereof by the Health Officer, shall immediately send a Physician on board to examine said person, who shall report in writing, to the President, his true state and condition, and the nature of his disease; and the President if it appears to him expedient, shall order such person to be removed from said vessel, and carried to some suitable place out of the compact part of the town, and there taken care of under the direction of the Health Officer, until such time as he is properly cured of his disorder, which shall be determined by the attending Physician, who shall give such person a certificate, that he is, in his opinion, entirely free from any contagious disease.—Provided always, That all the expenses that may be incurred by the removal, nursing and attendance of such sick person shall be defrayed by himself, if he has property sufficient, if not, by the Master of said Vessel.

Fourth.—That no person shall be allowed to visit any sick person who is under the care of the Health Officer, without a written permission from the President for that purpose.

Fifth.—That no person on board any vessel, at the time of her being carried to the Quarantine Ground, shall be allowed to go on shore without the written permission of the President, and any person who shall go on shore without such permission, shall be prosecuted for so doing, and brought back by the Health Officer, and kept on board, so long as the Vessel shall remain on the Quarantine Ground.

Sixth.—That no boat, except the Health Officer's, shall be allowed to go along side any Vessel at Quarantine, nor shall any person whatever go on board said vessel, without the written permission of the President; and if any person shall, contrary to this order go on board said vessel, he shall be prosecuted therefor, and also kept on board, until the expiration of the Quarantine of said vessel; and if he makes his escape from said vessel, he shall be treated in the same manner as if he originally belonged to her; and that no person may plead ignorance of the condition of such Vessel, the Health Officer shall place a colour in her shrouds, as soon as she arrives at the Quarantine Ground, and continue it there until the expiration of the Quarantine.

Seventh.—That the President may determine what articles shall be delivered from on board any vessel at Quarantine, and the times and places when and where they shall be landed, and nothing shall be taken out of such Vessel without his written permission.

Eighth.—That all the directions of the President or Health Officer, relative to the cleansing of the vessels, and the clothing and other articles on board shall be strictly complied with by the officers and crew; and the commander shall be answerable for any breaches or violations of said directions by the people on board.

Ninth.—That the President shall determine at what distance from the Asylum on Coaster's Harbour Island, the Quarantined Vessels shall be placed so that the health of the Poor, that may be lodged in the Asylum may not, at any time, be, in the remotest degree, endangered by such vessel.

Tenth.—That the President shall not permit any salted or dried hides, or horns, to be landed in the compact part of the town, unless they are perfectly sweet and entirely free from any putrid smell; and then only at the Long-Wharf, to be deposited in some of the Stores thereon, and their kept till the twentieth of October, unless the Board of Health shall think it expedient to remove them to be sooner removed.

Eleventh.—That all orders and instructions of the President for carrying these Regulations into effect, shall be in writing, and returned by the Health Officer to the Clerk of this Board, to be by him placed on file in his Office.

Twelfth.—That no Vessel arriving at this Port between the 20th day of this month, and the first day of Nov. next, from any port or place whatever, having Cotton on board, shall be permitted to come into the Harbour, or within half a mile of the compact part of this town, without a written permission from the President of this Board for that purpose.

Thirteenth.—That no Vessel arriving at this Port with Merchandise taken on board at Staten-Island, or from on board any Vessel at the Quarantine Ground at New-York, after the publication of this Act, shall be permitted to enter the Harbour of Newport, but shall be taken to the Quarantine Ground by the Health Officer, and shall be there detained not less than fifteen days, or until discharged by order of this Board.

Fourteenth.—That any Person violating any of the aforesaid Regulations, or refusing, or neglecting to comply with any written instructions given by the President, by virtue of the aforesaid Regulations, shall on conviction thereof, before any competent Court, be fined in a sum not exceeding Two Hundred and Fifty Dollars, not less than Ten Dollars, or be imprisoned not exceeding six Months, at the discretion of said Court.

Fifteenth.—That the aforesaid Regulations shall be published three weeks in both the Newspapers printed in this town and a copy of them handed by the Health Officer, to the master of every quarantined vessel for his government.
By Order,
CHARLES GYLES, Clerk.
Newport, June 15th, 1823.

HEALTH Regulations.

AT a Meeting of the Board of Health for the Town of Newport, on the 12th June, 1821.—It was ordered and decreed, That the following Regulations for preserving the Health of the Inhabitants be adopted and carried into effect, viz:—

First.—That no Fish be spread upon the land within a mile of the compact part of the town, and that no heaps of Fish be deposited any where within the compact part of the town, nor in any other part of the town within fifty rods of any public road, nor in any other place within the limits of the town, unless they are covered with earth, and or other materials, that no putrid or offensive smell shall arise from them.

Second.—That dead horses, hogs and other animals, shall be so buried that there shall be at least two feet of earth upon them, or that they be carried off into the harbor at least a mile from the compact part of the town, and sunk by having stones or other weights attached to them; and that such as may be carried to Easton's Beach shall not be thrown into the sea, but that they shall be buried in the sand, either on the beach or the Marsh adjoining thereto.

Third.—That no person suffer his Sink gutter, or other drain, for the purpose of conveying away foul water, to run into any street lane, or alley or on any wharf in the Town from the 20th day of June to the 1st day of Nov. next.

Fourth.—That no person erect any hog pens, in any of the streets, lanes, or alleys in the town, and that all other hog pens be at all times kept as clean and free from offensive smell as the nature of the case will admit.

Fifth.—That no heaps of dirt or manure be deposited in any of the street lanes or alleys in this town.

Sixth.—That the Inspectors of Nuisances, or such of them as the Board of Health may select and instruct for that purpose as soon as may be after the passing of these Regulations, and at such other times as the Board of Health may think proper to direct, visit and examine all the yards and enclosures, privies sink holes, slaughter houses and hog pens, together with such cellars as they may suspect to be in an unwholesome condition, in the compact part of the town, to ascertain whether the aforesaid Regulations have been properly complied with, and whether they are generally in a cleanly state that they report to the President of this Board, all such persons as have neglected or refused to comply with these Regulations, or whose premises are in an offensive or unwholesome condition.

Seventh.—That all Thames street, with the paved part of Washington Square and Market Square be swept once in two weeks from the publication of these regulations, to the first day of November next, and that Jacob Clark be, and is hereby appointed to perform said service during that term, provided however, that the Inhabitants residing in said street or square may at all times have liberty to sweep in front of the Estates they occupy and to dispose of the manure they may gather as as they may think proper.

Eighth.—That all violations of the aforesaid regulations be punished by a fine not less than One Dollar, nor more than Twenty Dollars, at the discretion of the Court before which the case shall be tried.
By Order,
CHARLES GYLES, Clerk.
Newport, June 14, 1821.

General Vaccination.

To the Committee appointed by the town of Newport to receive Proposals to Vaccinate the Inhabitants thereof.

WE, the undersigned, have taken into consideration the laudable intention of the citizens of our Town, to express in your publication, to institute a General Vaccination—as we are desirous to contribute as much as is in our power, to extend the benefits of that important discovery, we do hereby cheerfully make a tender of our professional services, without requiring any pecuniary compensation.—Should this offer meet with their approbation, we will attend at such convenient place as may be provided by the Town, on six successive Saturdays, from the hours of 3 to 5 o'clock in the Afternoon.

DAVID KING,
W. TURNER,
EDM. T. WARRING,
CHARLES COOPER.
Newport, May 14th, 1823.

In Town Meeting, June 4th, 1823, THE Committee appointed at the last April Town Meeting, to ascertain the best terms on which the Inhabitants of this Town can have the benefit of the Kine-pock inoculation extended to them, Reported verbally, That they have received proposals from four of the physicians, viz: David King; William Turner; Edmund T. Warring, and Charles Cooper, stating that they would tender their services to the Town for that purpose, on six successive Saturdays; without any pecuniary consideration, at such place as may be provided by the Town.—Wherefore it is voted to accept the same, and that the same Committee be continued, to make the necessary arrangements as to time and place, and to give notice to the Inhabitants thereof.

A True Copy from the Records,
CHARLES GYLES, Town-Clerk.

THE undersigned Committee in conformity to their appointment, beg leave to state for the information of their fellow-citizens, that on

Saturday Next, the 15th inst.

Will commence a General Vaccination throughout the Town of Newport, which will be continued during three successive Saturdays, from the hours of 3 to 5 in the Afternoon, at the Methodist Chapel; and the next three succeeding Saturdays at the Rev Dr. Patton's Meeting-House, at the hours specified.—where the Physicians above mentioned, who have generously proffered their professional services for the accomplishment of so important an object, will be in attendance; as also the Committee, to preserve order.

Our fellow-citizens are respectfully and earnestly requested to use every effort to promote the design in view; their own safety and that of the rising generation, as well as the best interests of the Town, imperiously demands their attention to this subject.

JOHN G. WHITEHORNE,
JOHN SLOCUM,
JOHN WILLIAMS,
DANIEL DENHAM,
WILLIAM ENNIS.
Newport, June 12 1823.

The Union Factory.

WOOL CARDING.

THE Subscribers respectfully inform their Friends, and the public in general, that they have established the Indigo Blue Dyeing, and have employed an experienced workman at colouring and finishing.—Woolen Goods of all descriptions will be finished in the neatest manner and on the most reasonable terms.

Wool of all grades carded into rolls in the best manner. They continue to manufacture Wool on shares or by contract, as may best suit their employment.

The following persons will receive and forward any articles intended for the Union Factory viz.—Edward Stanhope and Robert K. & Francis Carr, Newport.—George Lawton Tiverton.—Jeremiah Gifford, Bristol Ferry.

The Subscribers return their sincere thanks to their old customers and solicit the continuance of their favors.

JOHN BABCOCK,
MOSES LAWTON.
Portsmouth Nov. 10.

TO EXCHANGE,

ABOUT One Thousand Acres of LAND in Greene County, of Greene River, State of Kentucky, 600 of which are of the best quality.—About 4000 Acres on the Great Kenhaway New River, in Montgomery county and within 5 miles of the Court-House in Virginia; it is well-watered, and of the best quality.—The above Property will be exchanged for any Valuable Real Estate in this town, or on the Island.—For further information, apply at this Office.
Newport, April 26.

NOTICE.

WE the Subscribers having been appointed by the Hon. Court of Probate for the Town of Newport, Commissioners to receive and examine the claims of the creditors against the Estate of

SARAH C. BLISS,

late of Newport, deceased, represented by her executor, give notice, that Six Months from date hereof is allowed the creditors to exhibit their claims, and that we will attend for the purpose of receiving the same at our respective dwellings, at any time during said period.

GEORGE C. SNOW, } Commrs.
ANTHONY V. TAYLOR, }
All persons indebted to said Estate, are requested to make immediate payment to
RICHARD SNOW, Adm'r.
Newport, June 3.